

## **Bachelor of Applied Social Science Module Descriptors**

### **Core Psychology Major**

#### **Academic Literacy (NQF 5, 12 credits)**

This module is designed to develop academic and information literacy competency and assists the student with a set of values and skills necessary for academic success. These skills will enable the student to not only comply with the required academic standards of the South African College of Applied Psychology (SACAP) but will also prepare the student for success throughout their academic and professional careers. This module aims to guide the student through developing information literacy competencies, understanding the value of academic honesty and integrity, developing academic reading and writing skills, and finding one's own academic identity and using one's own academic voice.

#### **Introduction to Psychology A (NQF 5, 12 credits)**

This module introduces the student to the diverse field of Psychology and provides an overview of some of the various perspectives that have emerged in Psychology over the years. The student will be introduced to central theories from the numerous sub-fields in the discipline of Psychology, such as Research Psychology, Biological and Neuropsychology, Developmental Psychology, and Cognitive Psychology. Throughout the module, the student will be exposed to South African case studies on various topics.

#### **Introduction to Psychology B (NQF 5, 12 credits)**

This module follows from the Introduction to Psychology A module and continues to provide the student with a broad understanding of the field of Psychology. The module introduces the student to the terminology, theories and principles related to Personality, Social Psychology, Psychology and Health, and Mental Health Issues in the in South African context. Various Psychotherapeutic modalities will be introduced and a broad overview of the field of Organisational Psychology will be explored. Throughout the module, the student will engage with African theories and perspectives in these sub-fields of Psychology as well as South African case studies on the various topics.

#### **Counselling Modalities 1 (NQF 5, 14 credits)**

This module introduces the student to the theoretical foundations of counselling and psychotherapy. Throughout the study of this module, the student will explore various theoretical approaches to counselling and psychotherapy, including the history and development of each theory, key theorists, and the theory's perspective on personality development. In addition, the student will engage with the implications of these on personality theory and counselling modalities. While this module is primarily interested in the theoretical foundations of the different counselling modalities, rather than the

application thereof, basic techniques, therapeutic goals, and processes will be explored. This module focuses on the contextual issues facing counselling and psychotherapy in South Africa, the basic ethical principles requiring consideration in counselling, as well as the following approaches to counselling and psychotherapy: Psychoanalytic Therapy; Jungian Analysis and Therapy; Adlerian Therapy; Existential Therapy; Person-Centred Therapy; and Gestalt Therapy.

### **Counselling Modalities 2 (NQF 5, 14 credits)**

This module continues to introduce the student to the theoretical foundations of counselling and psychotherapy. Throughout this module, the student will gain an understanding of the history and background of various counselling modalities, the theoretical underpinning of each modality, as well as the key theorists for each modality and their perspectives on personality development. In addition, the student will explore the implications of these perspectives on counselling interaction. While this module is primarily interested in the theoretical foundations of the different counselling modalities, rather than the application thereof, basic techniques, therapeutic goals, and processes will be addressed. Counselling Modalities 2 focuses on the following: Behaviour Therapy; Rational Emotive Behaviour Therapy (REBT); Cognitive Therapy; Choice Theory/Reality Therapy; Feminist Therapy; Solution Focused Brief Therapy (SFBT); Narrative Therapy; Affirmative counselling practices; Family Therapy; and an integrative approach to therapy.

### **Diversity in the South African Context (NQF 5, 14 credits)**

This module is designed to engage and explore diversity within South Africa. The purpose of the module is to create awareness of the impact of context and contextualised dynamics that ultimately shape the development of individuals and counselling practice within South Africa. The module also builds on awareness and expands the student's knowledge of issues of diversity. Diversity within this module is explored as a multidimensional combination of culture, worldview and identity, oppression, power, privilege, race, gender, sexuality, vulnerability, spirituality, religion and disability. The student will be equipped with an awareness of the uniqueness of the South African context and an ability to explore South African identity and come to grips with influences that have shaped and continue to shape South African communities, families and individuals. An understanding of ecological systems theory will be grasped and the development of self in the context of community reflected on. Throughout the module, the student's knowledge of specific contexts will be expanded in order to deepen students' critical awareness, respect, and acceptance of cultural worldviews, behaviour, and contextualised dynamics that ultimately shape the development of individuals and counselling practice within South Africa. The module also builds on awareness and knowledge and encourages the student to apply knowledge, while also conceptualising possible action for effective change within the South African context.

### **Developmental Psychology A (NQF 5, 14 credits)**

Developmental Psychology A focuses on themes in developmental psychology and offers an overview of human development at various stages of life, including conception, infancy, childhood and adolescence. The module explores descriptions of specific aspects of human development, including physical, cognitive, personality, and social development. The following theoretical frameworks will be referred to when engaging with human development across the life-span: Freud's theory of psychosexual development, Erikson's theory of psychosocial development, and Piaget and Vygotsky's theories of cognitive development. The student will also be given the opportunity to explore the impact of socio-cultural

contexts on human development, specifically within the South African context, as well as engage with the connection between their life experiences and the theories and process of human development.

### **Developmental Psychology B (NQF 6, 14 credits)**

This module explores adult lifespan development and ageing within the framework of the major areas of development; inclusive of physical development, cognitive development, personality development, and social development. Key theoretical approaches will be discussed that explain adult development and ageing across the major areas of development. This module adopts a holistic approach to adult development and ageing through consideration of the challenges that people experience as they age, alongside its effects on the person's general health and well-being.

### **Statistics for the Social Sciences (NQF 6, 14 credits)**

This module introduces students to the basic concepts in social science research, and the statistical terminology and notation used when engaging in statistics. Descriptive data analysis techniques namely frequency distributions, measures of central tendency, variability, and probability in statistics will be explored. The underlying principles, practice and ethics in research for the behavioural sciences and various inferential data analysis techniques will be explored. The student will learn how to perform appropriate statistical techniques and how to interpret the results from quantitative analyses making sound conclusions with appropriate inferences.

### **Community Psychology (NQF 6, 14 credits)**

The module introduces the student to the field of community psychology, specifically looking at the historical development of community psychology in the South African context. The unique social challenges faced by communities in South Africa will be explored through its conceptual definitions, looking at the implications for the community and the intervention strategies proposed. This will acquaint the student with the realities faced by many South African citizens. The module further delves into the concept of an African cosmology as well as culture, how the individual perceives themselves existing in a community with others, and how this reality impacts their position and role in the community. Considering that people interact with their social and physical environments and that a community may be considered a social system, with its interacting members comprising of various subsystems within it, students are familiarized with various ecological approaches that are used to better understand the community as a system. This module offers insight into the assessment of a community's needs and existing resources, as well as information on what to consider when planning and implementing a community project. This module further places emphasis on bringing community members together to collaboratively work on empowering the community resulting in greater social change.

### **Social Psychology (NQF 6, 14 credits)**

This module introduces the student to the field of social psychology and explores the social environment in influencing attitudes and behaviour. This module describes social psychology and identifies how it is distinct from, but related to other areas of study within psychology. The history of social psychology will be reviewed by looking at key experiments in social psychology, e.g. Milgram's obedience experiment and the Stanford prison experiment. Various theories of social psychology will be unpacked and how it can be applied to better understand the individual in their social context, with particular emphasis on the

formation of one's social identity, one's perception of the self, prosocial behaviour and anti-social behaviour. The role of cognition and emotion in the establishment of relationships, inclusive of the following key concepts will be explored extensively: attitudes, stereotypes, prejudice and discrimination, conformity, social influence, and the determinants of aggression and happiness.

### **Theories of Personality (NQF 7, 14 credits)**

This module provides students with an opportunity to explore a range of theoretical frameworks that are used in the study of personality. This module further describes the development of the history of the study of personality and critically evaluates core definitions, assumptions and issues within the field of personality psychology. Concepts of assessment and research in the study of personality are described and various types of assessment instruments used in studying personality are explained. Key themes related to individual differences in people with reference to a variety of personality theories, including psychoanalytic, neo-analytic, social-behavioural, humanist, existential and trait theories of personality will be explored. Factors related to the unconscious, temperament, affect regulation and development of personality will be discussed.

### **Psychopathology (NQF 7, 14 credits)**

This module introduces the student to the core theoretical aspects of psychopathology and the different ways in which abnormal behaviours manifest themselves. Students will be introduced to the landscape of mental illness and what distinguishes it from normal experiences, as well as some of the complexity involved in the understanding and diagnosis of mental disorders. Whilst there is a strong focus on the prevailing western systems of classification, namely the DSM-5 and the ICD-10, students will be encouraged to critically engage in some of the benefits, limitations and applicability of these nosology systems broadly, and specifically in a South African context. The module concludes with a critical examination of African Aetiological and Well-Being Perspectives and an overview of ethical considerations related to the diagnosis and treatment of individuals who experience mental illness.

### **Applied Research Methodology (NQF 7, 14 credits)**

This module explores a variety of theoretical and practical approaches to research with a focus on the most widely used research techniques. The module takes the student on a journey of exploring the research process from planning, conceptualisation, measurement, and reviewing methods for data collection, to data analysis. Various paradigms, research designs, and sampling methods will be reviewed, as well as the ethical considerations embedded in these research processes.

### **Research Report (NQF 7, 20 credits)**

This module provides students with an opportunity to engage in the research writing process. Students are provided with a research output which they have to interpret, followed by the writing up of results. Students are guided on their writing of a research report throughout the running of this module with allocated supervision sessions indicated in the module structure. This module seeks to guide students in their journey of scholarly research writing which align with the guidelines provided by the American Psychological Association's guide to APA style writing.

## **Counselling Major**

### **Interpersonal Communication Skills (NQF 5, 14 credits)**

This module provides foundational knowledge, skills, and capabilities for effective interpersonal communication. Throughout this module, the student will gain a broad understanding of contemporary interpersonal theory and practice as well as a comprehensive skills-base to work effectively and efficiently with people from diverse backgrounds, with different abilities, and within a variety of contexts. The student will explore the varying ways in which individuals communicate and the various factors that directly and indirectly affect interpersonal relationships and the interpersonal communication process, such as emotions, (dis)ability, culture, conflict, and power relations.

### **Fundamentals of a Helping Relationship (NQF 5, 14 credits)**

This module introduces the student to the essential skills embedded in the helping relationship and prepares the student with the fundamental skills for providing counselling support to others. The module lays a foundation for students in understanding the terminology, key concepts, and the relevant theoretical models related to the profession of counselling. It further teaches the student how to engage in helping relationships and the values that drive these relationships. The module focuses on core counselling skills, such as: attending skills, active listening skills, contracting skills, paraphrasing, summarising, identifying and reflecting feelings, asking questions, the skill of challenging, goal setting and evaluation, and supporting and encouraging the client. The student will explore the value of the counselling environment and the importance of becoming a reflexive practitioner. The Relational Skills Model will be unpacked and comprise of five phases, these are: (i) establishing the relationship, (ii) developing the relationship, (iii) working with the relationship, (iv) the established relationship, and (v) maintaining the relationship.

### **Ethics in Counselling (NQF 6, 14 credits)**

This module explores ethics in the helping professions. It aims to provide students with foundational knowledge about universal ethical principles, ethical reasoning and ethical decision-making models. The module cultivates a sense of ethical commitment in students, as they develop a growing awareness of ethical dilemmas and the impact of their own personal values and biases on the ethical decision-making process. The implications and considerations of applying ethics within a multicultural context will be discussed, as well as the role of ethics from a social justice perspective. This module requires the student's personal involvement and commitment to participate.

### **Counselling Skills and Process Development (NQF 6, 14 credits)**

This module builds on and consolidates counselling competencies gained in Fundamentals of a Helping Relationship and continues to develop the students counselling skills. The module addresses on a deeper level the counselling framework from Fundamentals of a Helping Relationship and places particular focus on the integration of Egan's Skilled Helper Model. The module provides students with an opportunity to further operationalize their helping skills through counselling role plays. Throughout the module, students will be taught to engage in a process of critical self-reflexivity as they sharpen their counselling skills.

### **Crisis and Trauma Counselling (NQF 6, 14 credits)**

This module explores the counselling context with particular reference to people who have experienced situations of crisis and trauma. The module provides the student with the knowledge and skills needed for the effective intervention and management of a crisis. In this module, students would be able to differentiate between a crisis and trauma, and the types of intervention strategies that each requires. This module explores the foundations of trauma counselling related to health, illness, death, the family context and the phenomenology of rape in South Africa. It further provides an understanding of the effects of indirect trauma and introduces the student to the following intervention strategies: brief interventions, cognitive behavioural counselling, narrative practices, and strengths-based interventions. Further areas of foci for this module include the exploration of ways to effectively manage behavioural and emotional responses to crisis and trauma contexts, the assessment of a person who has been exposed to crisis and trauma incidents, as well as how best to respond in such contexts, and when to refer the person for specialist services.

### **Self-Esteem and Motivation (NQF 6, 14 credits)**

This module explores the conceptual and theoretical definitions of self-esteem and motivation and engages the student in a discussion on the key concepts that aid in explaining self-esteem and motivation. The factors that contribute to the varying levels of these constructs in persons will be discussed to better determine which methods and strategies must be employed to enhance self-esteem and motivation in people. Cognition, life experiences, emotion and one's self-concept play a great role in how these concepts manifest and influence one's behaviour. Students will be taken on a journey of critical self-reflection in which they explore the context of their self-esteem and motivation levels and consider various strategies to enhancing it.

### **Group Work Skills (NQF 7, 14 credits)**

This module provides knowledge, skills and capabilities for effective interpersonal communication in group contexts. In this module, the student gains a broad understanding of contemporary interpersonal theory and practice, and a comprehensive skills-base to work effectively and efficiently with people in a variety of interpersonal situations within diverse social contexts. In this module, the student will develop an understanding of group work including the major types of groups; basic ideas of multicultural perspectives on group work and being a diversity-competent group worker. Ethical and legal issues in working with groups will be explored. Major categories of theoretical approaches to group counselling will be identified and an integrative approach to group work will be developed. A rationale for the importance of adequate preparation and an overview of the main tasks required in group processes will be explored. Characteristics, issues and challenges of designing and working with groups in a variety of settings will be discussed. Throughout this module, the student develops an understanding of the factors and influences that directly and indirectly affect interpersonal and group work communication processes.

### **Applied Perspectives on Psychosocial and Mental Health Challenges in South Africa (NQF 7, 14 credits)**

This module has been designed for students to apply their acquired knowledge, and to provide a synthesis of their academic journey and learned theories in a comprehensive, practical and experiential learning environment. Recognition is afforded to the importance and value of mental health promotion. Students are provided with an opportunity to select a population, group, or individual they would like to work and

to assess their need with the aim of planning and implementing their uniquely designed mental health promotion prevention or intervention plan, strategy or programme. This module adopts a good theoretical approach to developing and evaluating intervention programmes and provide students with a step-by-step guide to mental health promotion, intervention planning and implementation. This module is a student-driven initiative requiring students to direct their learning activities from a more independent stance, supported by the relevant literature, and complemented by two formal fieldwork sessions.

### **Neuropsychology (NQF 7, 12 credits)**

This module introduces the student to neuropsychology as a sub-discipline within the field of psychology that focuses on the physiological and neurological processes that underlie all human behaviour. Neuropsychology is a field that may be applied cross-culturally and is part of any holistic view of human functioning in the South African context. In this module students will be introduced to the manner in which the human nervous system functions and the neural bases of specific cognitive processes, such as language, memory and executive functioning. Further to this, students will gain insight into brain development, recovery from brain injury, and neurological disorders.

### **Work Integrated Learning (Counselling) (Part 1 and 2) (NQF 7, 20 credits)**

Work Integrated Learning is regarded as a rewarding and essential component of a student's learning experience. SACAP's vision is to continue to grow and develop as a centre of excellence for education, research and personal and professional development in the field of applied psychology. An integral component of this vision is to establish links with various psychosocial organisations in the community services, health, welfare, etc. It is intended that such collaborative work will promote excellence in the education and training of students within these fields. The WIL module runs over the course of two academic terms and offers students a comprehensive practical placement within an organisational setting specifically related to various psychosocial fields.

## **Elective Modules for the Counselling Major**

### **Addiction Counselling (NQF 6, 15 credits)**

This elective module provides an overview of addiction, addiction models, and addiction counselling, by examining the theoretical models and counselling approaches used to understand, intervene and treat addictions. A differentiation between substance and non-substance related addictions (process addictions) are explored, providing clarification on the common features and defining characteristics of each. Students will be introduced to various screening tools for the assessment of addiction and learn about common co-occurring disorders. Crisis intervention, individual counselling, group counselling and family counselling will be explored when working in the context of addiction treatment. Treatment and aftercare issues as they relate to gender, ethnicity, sexual orientation, disability and age, will be engaged with. Specific emphasis will be placed on the family of the addict and the children in the family system. Finally, this module concludes with insights into harm reduction, relapse prevention practices as well as 12-step self-help groups.

### **Counselling in Loss (NQF 6, 15 credits)**

This module provides students with the knowledge, skills and attributes to effectively and appropriately work with those experiencing a variety of loss and grief issues. Students study the dynamics of the grieving process and the impact that cultural, social, and religious perspectives and beliefs have on the experience of grief and loss. The module introduces the students to complicated, disenfranchised and ambiguous loss and how to work with and/or refer clients. The aim of the module is to assist the student to integrate their developing knowledge and understanding of the counselling process to confidently and appropriately counsel clients as they move through the grieving and loss process.

### **Family Work and Relationships (NQF 6, 15 credits)**

The module introduces family theories and family therapies, with a focus on viewing the family from a systemic perspective. Various explanatory models will be explored with the aim of understanding family functioning, processes and relationships. This includes intergenerational family therapies, experiential family therapies, strategic family therapies, systemic family therapies, and postmodern family therapies. Students will be equipped with the knowledge and skill to formulate a comprehensive framework from which to work within a family context. This module further gives recognition to the complexities of diversity and multiculturalism that are present within families and various family forms. Furthermore, the module seeks to engage students in a discussion about indigenizing western family therapies for the South African context.

### **Gender, Sexuality and HIV Counselling (NQF 6, 15 credits)**

This module offers a theoretical foundation of the key concepts embedded in the study of gender, sexuality and the Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV). It further provides students with a good grounding of the issues related to gender, sexuality, and the current HIV discourses in South Africa. This module encourages the student to engage with contemporary material, that is exciting, challenging, and key to our fluid and dynamic identities, intimate relationships, and our social and cultural positions. The student is encouraged to engage in a process of critical self-reflection on their relationship with gender and sexuality in a counselling context. The student will grapple with the complexity of gender-related challenges and the importance of gender and sexuality in a variety of social contexts and circumstances. Additionally, this module scrutinises gender discourses with respect to persons whose gender identities, and/or behaviours are dissimilar from traditional binary gender roles. This module further explores how gender fluidity and non-conforming genders and identities are currently expressed within the South African context. Finally, this module will address the contemporary landscape of HIV, tuberculosis and sexually transmitted infections in South Africa, with special reference to prevention, antiretroviral (ARV) compliance, and the impact of the disclosure of HIV status with specific reference to the adolescent population.

### **Sports Psychology (NQF 6, 15 credits)**

This module introduces the student to the field of sport psychology. This module covers the essential topics pertaining to sport psychology and will enable the student in profiling the athlete, so as to better understand the drivers behind the athlete's performance. The application of psychological theory and research within the context of sport will enable the student to assist athletes and/or coaches improve the athlete's performance and enjoyment in sport. This module concludes with teaching students how to conceptualise and develop a psychological and physical skills training programme.

**Working with Children and Adolescents (NQF 6, 15 credits)**

Children and adolescents have distinct physical, cognitive and emotional characteristics. As such, the counselling context of young people is unique and different from the counselling context of adults. The differences will be explored in this module with the nuances emphasised and explained. The first few sessions of the module aim to provide students with a theoretical and conceptual framework from which to understand the development and context of young people and moves toward a more practical exploration of the counselling process with a focus on developmentally sensitive counselling skills, the different child-and-adolescent-friendly ways of working with young people in counselling, how to incorporate different forms of media and play in counselling, and fostering an awareness of the ethical dilemmas which they may face. Students are encouraged to think creatively and to develop child-and-adolescent-friendly strategies that will enhance communication and understanding when working with this population. Specific challenges which young people may face, including the family break up, grief, trauma, child abuse, violence, bullying and self-harm, are discussed.